



**ALPHA & OMEGA**  
SEMICONDUCTOR

**AOD1R4A70/AOI1R4A70**

**700V,  $\alpha$ MOS™ N-Channel Power Transistor**

### General Description

- Proprietary  $\alpha$ MOS5™ technology
- Low  $R_{DS(ON)}$
- Optimized switching parameters for better EMI performance
- Enhanced body diode for robustness and fast reverse recovery

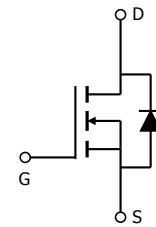
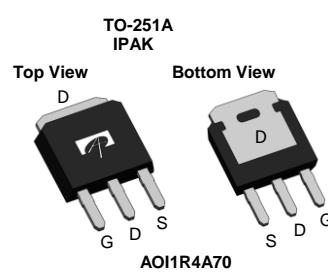
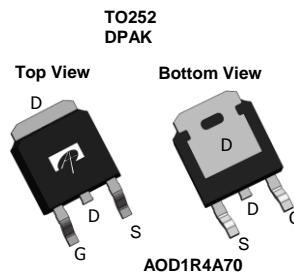
### Applications

- Flyback for SMPS
- Charger, Adapter, lighting

### Product Summary

$V_{DS}$ @ $T_{j,max}$	800V
$I_{DM}$	15A
$R_{DS(ON),max}$	< 1.4Ω
$Q_{g,typ}$	7.4nC
$E_{oss}$ @ 400V	1μJ

100% UIS Tested  
100%  $R_g$  Tested



Orderable Part Number	Package Type	Form	Minimum Order Quantity
AOD1R4A70	TO252	Tape & Reel	2500
AOI1R4A70	TO251A	Tube	3500

### Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

Parameter	Symbol	Maximum	Units
Drain-Source Voltage	$V_{DS}$	700	V
Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS}$	$\pm 20$	V
Gate-Source Voltage (dynamic) AC ( $f > 1\text{Hz}$ )	$V_{GS}$	$\pm 30$	V
Continuous Drain Current <sup>C</sup> $T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$	$I_D$	3.8	A
Continuous Drain Current <sup>C</sup> $T_C=100^\circ\text{C}$	$I_D$	2.4	
Pulsed Drain Current <sup>C</sup>	$I_{DM}$	15	
Avalanche Current <sup>C</sup> $L=1\text{mH}$	$I_{AR}$	1.1	A
Repetitive avalanche energy <sup>C</sup>	$E_{AR}$	0.6	mJ
Single pulsed avalanche energy <sup>H</sup>	$E_{AS}$	2.7	mJ
MOSFET dv/dt ruggedness	dv/dt	100	V/ns
Peak diode recovery dv/dt	dv/dt	20	
Power Dissipation <sup>B</sup> $T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	48	W
Power Dissipation <sup>B</sup> Derate above $25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	0.4	$\text{W}/^\circ\text{C}$
Junction and Storage Temperature Range	$T_J, T_{STG}$	-55 to 150	°C
Maximum lead temperature for soldering purpose, 1/8" from case for 5 seconds	$T_L$	300	°C

### Thermal Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Typical	Maximum	Units
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>A,D</sup>	$R_{\theta JA}$	45	55	°C/W
Maximum Case-to-sink <sup>A</sup>	$R_{\theta CS}$	-	0.5	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Case	$R_{\theta JC}$	2	2.6	°C/W

**Electrical Characteristics ( $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>STATIC PARAMETERS</b>						
$BV_{DSS}$	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D=250\mu\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}, T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$	700			V
		$I_D=250\mu\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}, T_J=150^\circ\text{C}$		800		
$BV_{DSS}/\Delta T_J$	Breakdown Voltage Temperature Coefficient	$I_D=250\mu\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$		0.59		$\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
$I_{DSS}$	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS}=700\text{V}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$		1		$\mu\text{A}$
		$V_{DS}=560\text{V}, T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$		10		
$I_{GSS}$	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{DS}=0\text{V}, V_{GS}=\pm 20\text{V}$			$\pm 100$	nA
$V_{GS(\text{th})}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}=5\text{V}, I_D=250\mu\text{A}$	2.9	3.5	4.1	V
$R_{DS(\text{ON})}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, I_D=1\text{A}$		1.16	1.4	$\Omega$
$g_{FS}$	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}=10\text{V}, I_D=1\text{A}$		1.8		S
$V_{SD}$	Diode Forward Voltage	$I_S=1\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$		0.8	1.2	V
$I_S$	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current				3.8	A
$I_{SM}$	Maximum Body-Diode Pulsed Current <sup>c</sup>				15	A
<b>DYNAMIC PARAMETERS</b>						
$C_{iss}$	Input Capacitance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=100\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$		354		pF
$C_{oss}$	Output Capacitance			12		pF
$C_{o(er)}$	Effective output capacitance, energy related <sup>i</sup>	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=0 \text{ to } 480\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$		11.2		pF
$C_{o(tr)}$	Effective output capacitance, time related <sup>j</sup>			46.9		pF
$C_{rss}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=100\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$		1.3		pF
$R_g$	Gate resistance	$f=1\text{MHz}$		7.3		$\Omega$
<b>SWITCHING PARAMETERS</b>						
$Q_g$	Total Gate Charge	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=480\text{V}, I_D=1.9\text{A}$		7.4		nC
$Q_{gs}$	Gate Source Charge			2.9		nC
$Q_{gd}$	Gate Drain Charge			2		nC
$t_{D(on)}$	Turn-On DelayTime	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=400\text{V}, I_D=1.9\text{A}, R_G=5\Omega$		15		ns
$t_r$	Turn-On Rise Time			7.5		ns
$t_{D(off)}$	Turn-Off DelayTime			32		ns
$t_f$	Turn-Off Fall Time			13.5		ns
$t_{rr}$	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F=1.9\text{A}, di/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}, V_{DS}=400\text{V}$		176		ns
$I_{rm}$	Peak Reverse Recovery Current			11		A
$Q_{rr}$	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge			1.4		$\mu\text{C}$

A. The value of  $R_{iJA}$  is measured with the device in a still air environment with  $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ .

B. The power dissipation  $P_D$  is based on  $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$ , using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in setting the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used.

C. Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature  $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$ . Ratings are based on low frequency and duty cycles to keep initial  $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ .

D. The  $R_{iJA}$  is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to case  $R_{iJC}$  and case to ambient.

E. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using  $<300\mu\text{s}$  pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

F. These curves are based on the junction-to-case thermal impedance which is measured with the device mounted to a large heatsink, assuming a maximum junction temperature of  $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$ .

G. These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in2 FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with  $TA=25^\circ\text{C}$ .

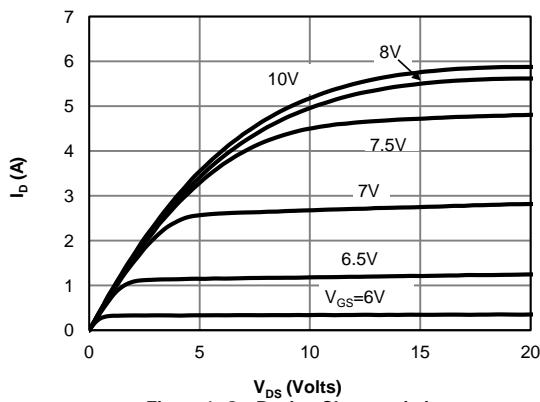
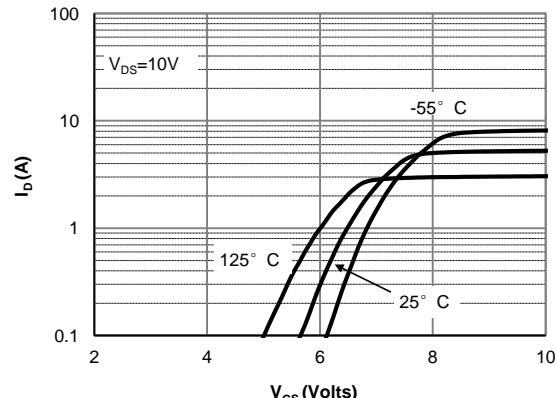
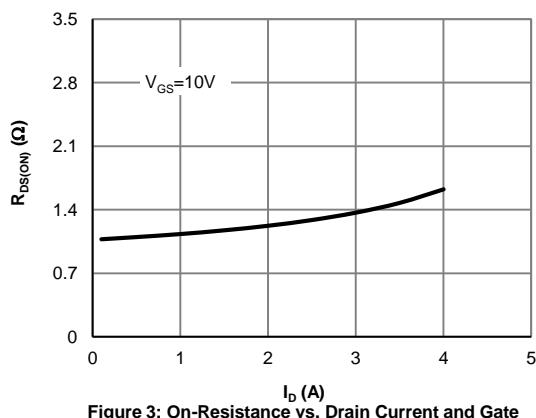
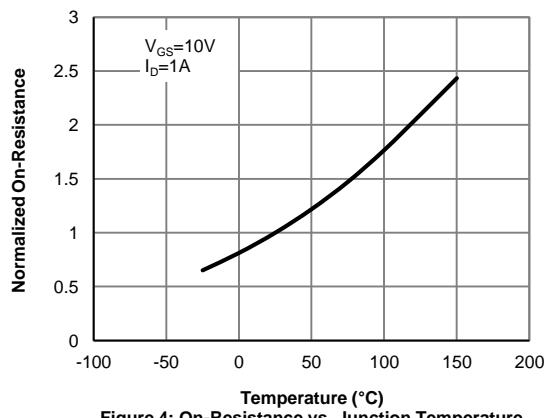
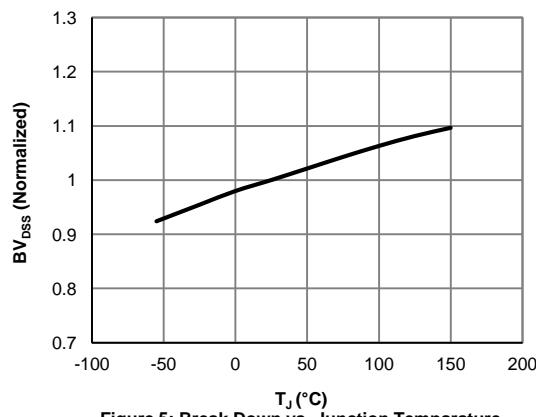
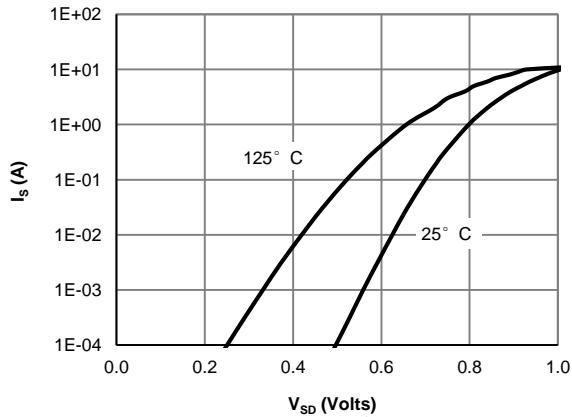
H.  $L=60\text{mH}, I_{AS}=0.3\text{ A}, R_G=25\Omega$ , Starting  $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ .

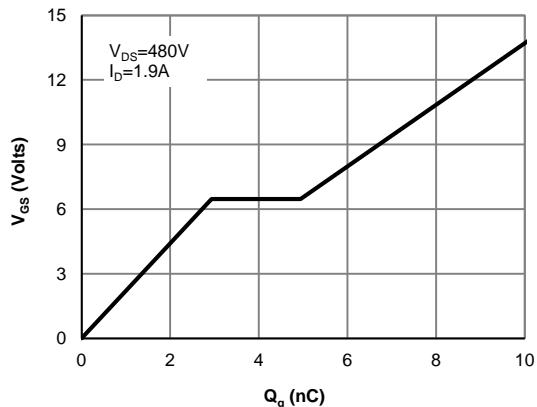
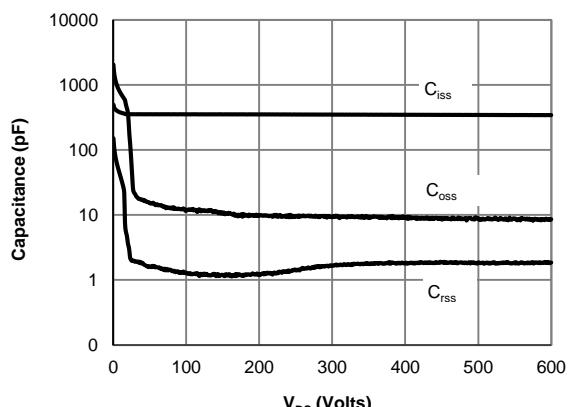
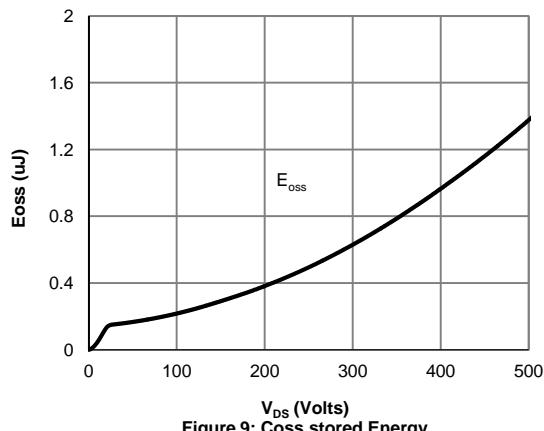
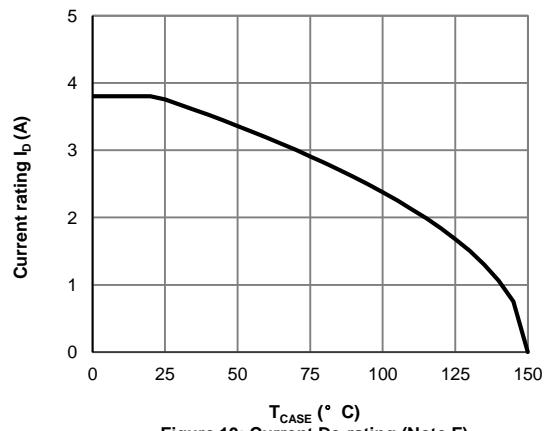
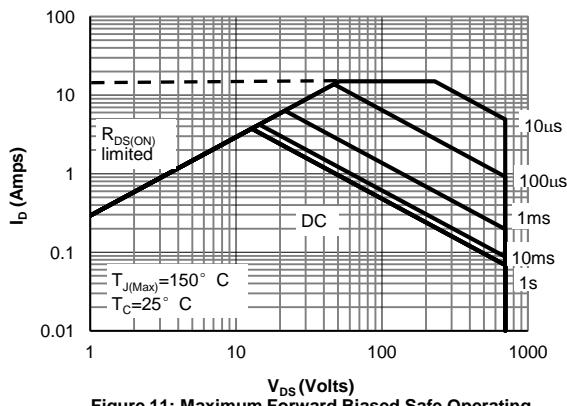
I.  $C_{o(er)}$  is a fixed capacitance that gives the same stored energy as  $C_{oss}$  while  $V_{DS}$  is rising from 0 to 80%  $V_{(BR)DSS}$ .

J.  $C_{o(tr)}$  is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as  $C_{oss}$  while  $V_{DS}$  is rising from 0 to 80%  $V_{(BR)DSS}$ .

APPLICATIONS OR USES AS CRITICAL COMPONENTS IN LIFE SUPPORT DEVICES OR SYSTEMS ARE NOT AUTHORIZED. AOS DOES NOT ASSUME ANY LIABILITY ARISING OUT OF SUCH APPLICATIONS OR USES OF ITS PRODUCTS. AOS RESERVES THE RIGHT TO MAKE CHANGES TO PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS WITHOUT NOTICE. IT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CUSTOMER TO EVALUATE SUITABILITY OF THE PRODUCT FOR THEIR INTENDED APPLICATION. CUSTOMER SHALL COMPLY WITH APPLICABLE LEGAL REQUIREMENTS, INCLUDING ALL APPLICABLE EXPORT CONTROL RULES, REGULATIONS AND LIMITATIONS.

AOS' products are provided subject to AOS' terms and conditions of sale which are set forth at:  
[http://www.aosmd.com/terms\\_and\\_conditions\\_of\\_sale](http://www.aosmd.com/terms_and_conditions_of_sale)

**TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS**

**Figure 1: On-Region Characteristics**

**Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics**

**Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage**

**Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature**

**Figure 5: Break Down vs. Junction Temperature**

**Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics**

**TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS**

**Figure 7: Gate-Charge Characteristics**

**Figure 8: Capacitance Characteristics**

**Figure 9: Coss stored Energy**

**Figure 10: Current De-rating (Note F)**

**Figure 11: Maximum Forward Biased Safe Operating Area for AOD(I)1R4A70 (Note F)**

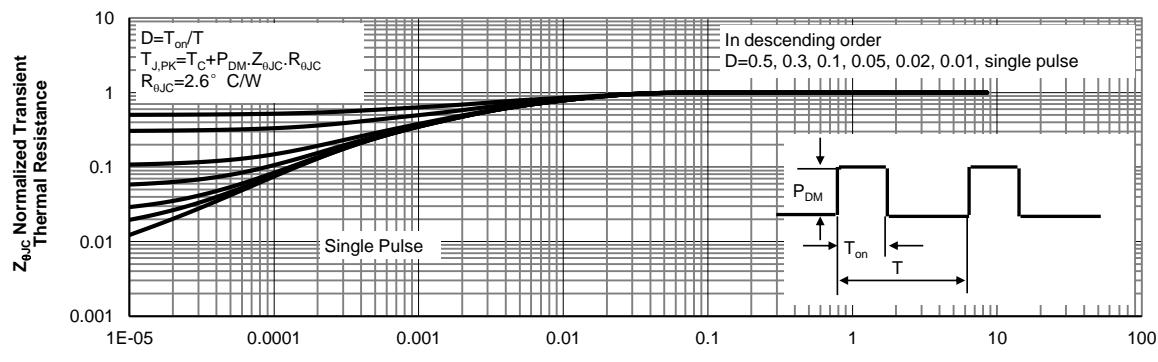
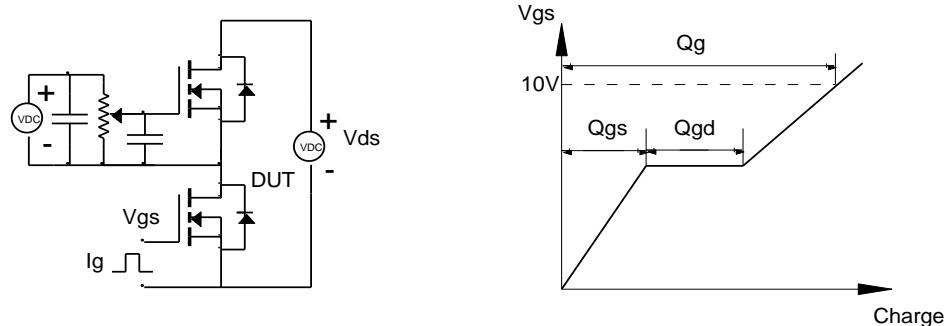
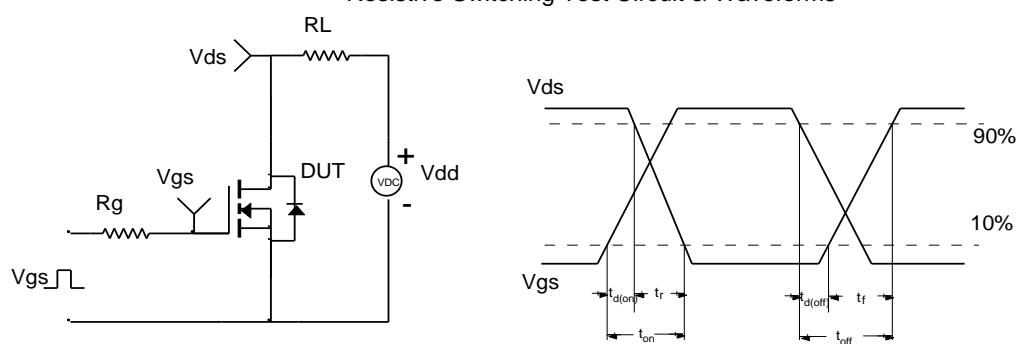
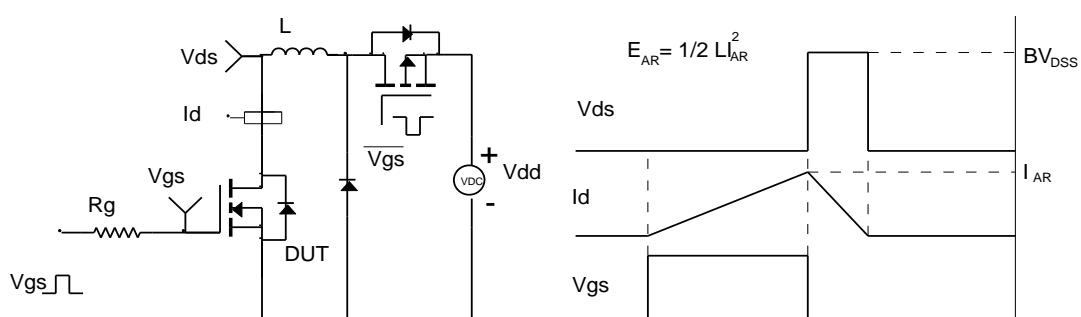
**TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS**


Figure 12: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance for AOD(I)1R4A70 (Note F)

**Gate Charge Test Circuit & Waveform**

**Resistive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms**

**Unclamped Inductive Switching (UIS) Test Circuit & Waveforms**

**Diode Recovery Test Circuit & Waveforms**
